

Bromine Granules

1.1 Product Identi	fier				
Trade Name:	Bromine Granules				
L.2 Relevant Iden	tified uses of the substan	ice or mixture a	nd uses a	dvised against	
Uses:	For disinfection of pool	and spa water.			
1.3 Details of the	supplier of the safety dat	ta sheet			
Company:	Complete Pool Controls	s Ltd			
	Unit 2, The Park				
	Stoke Orchard				
	Bishops Cleeve				
	Gloucestershire	GL52 7RS			
Telephone:	+44 (0) 8712 229081	F	ax:	+44 (0) 8712 229083	
E-mail:	sales@cpc-chemicals.co	<u>o.uk</u>			
1.4 Emergency Te	lephone				
Tel:	+44 (0) 8712 229081	(office hours)	+44 (0) 371 2229084	(outside of office hours)

2. Hazard Identification

Classification according to Hazard Class	Hazard St	-
Acute Tox. 4 *	H302	
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	
STOT SE 3	H335	
STOT SE 3	H400	
Aquatic Acute/Chronic 1	H410	
•	atements me	ntioned in this section see Section 16.
Most important adverse e	effects	
Human Health:		See section 11 for toxicological information
Physical & Chemical Hazar	ds:	See section 9 for physicochemical information
Potential environmental effects:		See section 12 for environmental information
Labelling according to Reg	ulation (EC) N	No 1272/2008
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols:	٨	No 1272/2008
Labelling according to Reg	Julation (EC) N Danger	No 1272/2008
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	٨	No 1272/2008
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	Danger	
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	Danger H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	Danger H272 H302	May intensify fire; oxidiser. Harmful if swallowed.
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	Danger H272 H302 H319	May intensify fire; oxidiser. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation.
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	Danger H272 H302 H319 H335	May intensify fire; oxidiser. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.
Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word:	Danger H272 H302 H319 H335 H410	May intensify fire; oxidiser. Harmful if swallowed. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contact with acid liberates toxic gas
Label elements Labelling according to Reg Hazard symbols: Signal word: Hazard statements:	Danger H272 H302 H319 H335 H410 EUH031	Image: Non-StateMay intensify fire; oxidiser.Harmful if swallowed.Causes serious eye irritation.May cause respiratory irritation.May cause respiratory irritation.Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.Contact with acid liberates toxic gasWarning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gase

Bromine Granules

Precautionary statements:	P103	Read label before use
	P220	Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.
	P273	Avoid release to the environment.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P405	Store locked up
D	205,251,220.	IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lens
P	305+351+338:	if present and easy to do – continue rinsing
	P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with legislation

Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate

2.3 Other Hazards

PBT / vPvB: Not applicable

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixture

sodium dichloroisocyanurate

			CLP Classification	Percent
CAS No	2893-78-9		Acute Tox. 4 * H302; Eye Irrit. 2	91%
EC No	220-767-7		H319;STOT SE3 H335/H400; Aquatic	
REACH No	01-21194893	71-33-XXXX	Acute 1 H410	
Index No	613-030-00-2			
Sodium Bromi	de			
231-599-9	7647-15- 6	-	Repr.1B H360	9.10%

Note : This substance may be marketed in an explosive form in which case it must be evaluated using the appropriate test methods. The classification and labelling provided shall reflect the explosive properties.

4. First Aid measures 4.1 Description of first aid measures General Advice: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before . reuse. Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin Contact:	If on clothing: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before
	removing clothes. Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and
	persists

Eye Contact:Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove
contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation
develops and persists

Ingestion:Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the
lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms & Effects: Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

TreatmentProvide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim
under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

Fire fighting measures	
General Fire Hazards:	May intensify fire; oxidiser. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.
5.1 Extinguishing media:	
Suitable media:	Water in copious amounts.
Unsuitable media:	Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Halogenated materials
5.2 Special hazards arising fro	
Specific Hazards :	Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Containers may explode when heated. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. Chlorine. Nitrogen trichloride.
F 2 Advise for fire fickers	Hydrogen chloride. Nitrogen Oxides. Carbon monoxide.
5.3 Advice for fire-fighters	Colf contained breathing apparetus and full protective elething must be wern in eace of fire
Protective equipment	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Method/Procedure:	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you car
	do so without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.
	Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials

6. Accidental release Measures	
6.1 Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
Non emergency personell:	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.
Emergency Responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS.
6.2 Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions:	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3 Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Cleaning/Containment	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter.

Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. **Large Spills:** Wet down with water and dike for later disposal. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Shovel the material into waste container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS

7. Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling:

Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Keep away from heat. Provide appropriate exhaust

Trade Name: Bromine Gra	anules		
7. Handling and storage			
	Keep away from clothin breathing dust. Avoid co	g and other c ontact with ey ipment. Wasl	med. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. ombustible materials. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid yes. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wear appropriate hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the I hygiene practices
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, Storage	Store locked up. Keep a tightly closed container	way from hea . Store in a we	t. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in ell-ventilated place. Do not store near combustible materials. ials (see section 10 of the SDS). Keep away from sources of
7.3 Specific end uses Specific use(s)		-	actericides, algaecides for swimming pools, spas, hot tubs, dish-washing detergents and bleach.
8. Exposure control/personal prote	ction		
8.1 Control parameters			
Occupational exposure limits Biological limit values Recommended monitoring	No biologica	al exposure lin	for ingredient(s). nits noted for the ingredient(s). ing procedures.
Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate			
Derived no effect levels (DN General Population L-t, Systemic, Dermal	Value ELs) 1.15 mg/kg bw/day	Factor	Notes Repeated dose toxicity
L-t, Systemic, Inhalation L-t, Systemic, Oral Workers	1.99 mg/m3 1.15 mg/kg bw/day	50 100	Repeated dose toxicity
L-t, Systemic, Dermal L-t, Systemic, Inhalation Predicted no effect concentr	2.3 mg/kg bw/day 8.11 mg/m3 rations (PNECs)	50 25	Repeated dose toxicity Repeated dose toxicity
Freshwater Marine water Sediment (freshwater)	0 mg/l 1.52 mg/l 7.56 mg/kg	1000 50 100	
Soil STP L-t = Long Term	0.756 mg/kg 0.59 mg/l	1000 100	
8.2 Evenesuse controle			
8.2 Exposure controls Engineering measures	applicable, use process maintain airborne levels established, maintain ai any operation which ma	enclosures, lo s below recon rborne levels ay generate d	sed. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If ical exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to immended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been to an acceptable level. If material is ground, cut, or used in usts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposure limits. Provide eyewash station.
Personal protective equipme	ent		
General information	Use personal protective		s required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen n discussion with the supplier of the personal protective

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye protection should meet standard EN 166

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

8. Exposure control/personal protection

8.2 Exposure controls Respiratory protection	Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Wear respirator with dust filter.
Skin and body protection Thermal Hazards:	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene Measures:	Keep from (Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations. clothing promptly. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants
Environmental Controls:	Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and che	
Form:	Granules
Colour:	White
Odour:	Chlorine
pH @ 20°C:	6.6 (Approx.) (1% aqueous solution)
Melting Point	252 °C (485.6 °F)
Boiling point/boiling range:	Not Applicable
Relative density	2 (25 °C)
Solubility(ies)	250 g/l (25 °C)
Auto-ignition temperature	225 °C (437 °F)
Decomposition temperature	240 - 250 °C (464 - 482 °F) (Approx.)
Partition coeffcient:n-octanol/water:	No data available
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.
Oxidising properties:	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
9.2 Other Information	
Bulk density	0.80 g/mL min. (Granular)
	0.75 g/mL min. (Medium granular)
Molecular formula	C3-H-Cl2-N3-O3.Na
Molecular weight	219.95 g/mol

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity Reactivity	Contact with water may form hypochlorous acid. The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2 Chemical stability Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions

0.3 Possibility of hazardous	reactions
Hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use
0.4 Conditions to avoid	
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Keep away from moisture.
0.5 Incompatible materials	
Materials to avoid	Acids. Combustible material. Alkalis. Other chlorine agents. Oils/fats

Haz. Decomp. products: Chlorine. Nitrogen trichloride. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Carbon monoxide (CO).

11. Toxicilogical Information No adverse effects are expected. General information: Information on likely routes of exposure Inhalation Dust may irritate respiratory system. Skin contact Dust or powder may irritate the skin. Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation. Ingestion Harmful if swallowed Symptoms Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. 11.1 Information on toxilogical effects Harmful if swallowed Acute toxicity Sodium dichloroisocyanurate (CAS 2893-78-9) Oral Acute LD50 Rat 1823 mg/kg Skin corrosion/irritation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Eve damage/irritation. Causes serious eye irritation Respiratory sensitisation Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Skin sensitisation Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Germ cell mutagenicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Ames test: Negative. Carcinogenicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Reproductive toxicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: May cause respiratory irritation. Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Aspiration hazard Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Mixture versus substance The product is a substance. Other information Not available

12. Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

Acute Toxicity Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Sodium Dichloroisocyanurate

Species	Time	Test	Value	Units
Fish - Oryzias latipes	96h	LC50	0	mg / I

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability Isocyanurate decomposition to carbon dioxide and ammonia.

12.3 Bioaccumlative potential	
Bioaccumlative potential	Isocyanuric acid: Not bioaccumulative.
2.4 Mobility in soil	
Mobility in soil	Soluble in water, predicted to have high mobility in soil.
L2.5 Results of PBT and PvB asso	
PBT and PvB assessme	nt This substance does not meet vPvB / PBT criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
12.6 Other adverse effects	
	dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation
	dverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component
potential, e	
potential, e	
potential, e B. Disposal Considerations 13.1 Waste treatment methods	endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component
potential, e	
potential, e . Disposal Considerations I.3.1 Waste treatment methods Residual waste	Endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some prod residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
potential, e . Disposal Considerations I3.1 Waste treatment methods	Endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some produces. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

Disposal methods	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Do not allow
	this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches
	with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
	local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations

. Transport Info	ormation	
4.1 UN Numbe	er	UN2465
4.2 UN proper	shipping name	DICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, SALTS
4.3 Transport	hazard class(es)	
ADR/RID/#	AND/ Class	5.1
IMDG	Subsidiary risk	-
	Hazard label	5.1
	Hazard No (ADR)	50
	Tunnel Code	E
ΙΑΤΑ	Class	5.1
	Subsidiary risk	-
	ERG Code	5L

Trade Name: Bromine Granules	
14. Transport Information	
14.4 Packaging Group	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	
Environmentally Ha	azardous Yes
Marine Pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-A, S-Q
14.6 Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Anne	ex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code N/a
General information	IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant

15. Regulatory information	
15.1 Safety, health and env	ironmental regulations/legislation specific for this substance or mixture.
EU egulations	The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.
Other regulations	Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

16. Other information Full text of H-statements referred to under sections 2 and 3 H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH031 Contact with acid liberates toxic gas

EUH026 Warning! Do not use together with other products. May release dangerous gases (chlorine).

Restricted to professional users. Attention - Avoid exposure- obtain special instructions before use

This information is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty or merchantability, or fitness for any particular use, or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to this information, and we assume no liability resulting from use of this information Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular needs and uses.

Indicates updated section.